



PUBLIC

WESM Manual

Constraint Violation Coefficients and Pricing Re-Runs

Issue 7.0 | WESM-CVC

This Market Manual provides the Constraint Violation Coefficients to be used by the Market Dispatch Optimization Model, as well as the Market Pricing Re-runs involved to correct prices in cases where constraint violations or pricing errors occur.

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In case of inconsistency between this document and the DOE Circulars, the latter shall prevail.

Document Change History

Issue No.	Proponent	Reason for Amendment
	MO Subcom	New Document
	MO Subcom	Revised/deleted some sections. Change over-generation CVC price to be the same as under generation.
1.0	MO Subcom	Revised to incorporate comments of RCC
2.0	MO Subcom	To reflect the PEM Board approved amendments in the CVC prioritization order that will enable the Market Operator and the Trading Participants to readily and effectively address under generation scenario and/or transmission line overloading encountered in the system.
3.0	PEMC	To reflect the amendments in the CVC prioritization order that is consistent with the operational priorities of system operations in cases of insufficient supply prior to the integration of the reserves in the commercial operations of the WESM.
4.0	PEMC	Re-submission of approved urgent amendments as general amendments, with further revisions to the values in the CVC priority table.
5.0	PEMC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adoption of enhancements to WESM design and operations Integrated mechanism of pricing re-runs, which abolishes the WESM Manual on the Criteria and Guidelines for the Issuance of Pricing Error Notices and Conduct of Market Re-run (PEN-MRR)
6.0	PEMC	To provide details and additional constraints on transmission equipment, revised the order and nomenclature of CVCs for consistency with the newly amended Philippine Grid Code
6.1	PEMC	Urgent amendments to harmonize provisions on automatic pricing re-runs during under-generation and over-generation with ERC directives provided in its Decision dated 20 August 2020 (and promulgated on 29 December 2020) on ERC Case No. 2017-042RC regarding the proposed Price Determination Methodology (PDM) for the EWDO
	PEMC	Revised formatting for the commencement of the enhanced WESM design and operations per DOE Department Circular No. DC2021-06-0015.
7.0	IEMOP	To include additional CVCs to reflect the dispatch and curtailment hierarchy for non-scheduled, priority dispatch and must-dispatch generating unit classifications – collectively called self-scheduled generating units. (DOE DC2021-07-0022)

Document Approval

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7.0	16 Aug 2019	2019-13	28 Aug 2019	2019-15-04	25 Jun 2021	2021-07-0022

**Declaring the Commercial Operations of Enhanced WESM Design and Providing Further Policies*

Reference Documents

Document ID	Document Title
	WESM Rules
WESM-PDM	Price Determination Methodology
WESM-DP	Dispatch Protocol

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SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The *market dispatch optimization model* determines the optimal *dispatch schedule* and nodal prices considering the different inputs from the *Market Operator*, *System Operator* and *Trading Participants* using linear programming. The combination of these inputs may not always allow the *market dispatch optimization model* to produce a feasible solution thus *constraint violation variables* and associated *constraint violation coefficients* are necessary to ensure that the market *dispatches* and market pricing re-runs always find a solution, if such a solution exists.

1.2 Purpose

1.2.1. The systems, processes, and procedures set out in this *Market Manual* on the determination of *constraint violation coefficients* and market pricing re-runs shall ensure that results of *market projections* and *real-time dispatch* in the *WESM*:

- a. Provide economic signals that properly account the economic impact of losses and *constraints* that resulted from the operation of the electricity market;¹ and
- b. Are updated and made available to *WESM Participants* to ensure they can make timely and informed commercial and technical decisions.²

1.3 Scope

This *Market Manual* provides the following:

- a. Values of the *constraint violation coefficients* to establish an appropriate priority order for *soft constraints*;³
- b. Procedures, criteria and conditions necessary for the execution of *automatic pricing re-runs*;⁴ and
- c. Guidelines and procedures for the execution of a market pricing re-run upon the issuance of *pricing error notice*.⁵

SECTION 2 DEFINITIONS, REFERENCES, AND INTERPRETATION

2.1 Definitions

2.1.1 Unless defined or the context implies otherwise, the italicized terms used in this *Market Manual* shall bear the same meaning as defined in the *WESM Rules* and other *Market Manuals*.

2.1.2 The following term as used in this *Market Manual* shall have the following meaning –

- a. **Soft Constraints.** *Constraints* which are allowed to be violated in the *market dispatch optimization model* such that the optimization process will produce a solution.

¹ *WESM Rules* Clauses 3.2.2 and 3.6.1

² *WESM Rules* Clause 1.2.5

³ *WESM Rules* Clauses 10.4.11.1 and 3.6.2.4

⁴ *WESM Rules* Clause 3.6.7.8

⁵ *WESM Rules* Clause 3.10.5.4

- b. **Branch Group.** A group of lines and/or transformers.

2.2 References

This *Market Manual* shall be read in association with the *WESM Rules* and relevant *Market Manuals*.

2.3 Interpretation

- 2.3.1 Any reference to a clause in any section of this *Market Manual* shall refer to the particular clause of the same section in which the reference is made, unless otherwise specified or the context provides otherwise.
- 2.3.2 Where there is a discrepancy or conflict between this *Market Manual* and the *WESM Rules*, the *WESM Rules* shall prevail.
- 2.3.3 Standards and policies appended to, or referenced in, this *Market Manual* shall provide a supporting framework.

SECTION 3 RESPONSIBILITIES

3.1 Market Operator

The *Market Operator* shall be responsible for the development, validation, maintenance, publication in the *Market Information Web Site*, and revision of this *Market Manual* in coordination with *Trading Participants* and the *System Operator*.

3.2 System Operator

The *System Operator* shall provide the necessary information and references for the implementation and subsequent revisions and validation of this *Market Manual*.

3.3 Trading Participants

The *Trading Participants* shall provide the necessary information and references for the implementation and subsequent revisions and validation of this *Market Manual*, which include but is not limited to the establishment of nodal load shedding or *nodal value of lost load (VOLL)* values.

SECTION 4 CONSTRAINT VIOLATION COEFFICIENT

4.1 Scope

- 4.1.1. This section provides the values of the *constraint violation coefficients* and the order of relaxing *soft constraints* considering their *constraint violation coefficients* so that the *market dispatch optimization model* shall always find a solution.
- 4.1.2. The *constraint violation coefficients* shall be set for market *dispatches* to ensure that the *market dispatch optimization model* shall always find a solution which satisfies all constraints, if such a solution exists; and the violated *constraints* are prioritized, such

that the network elements, *loads* and *generating units* are physically feasible and reflect the priorities or how the *System Operator* should manage *system security* and *reliability*.⁶

- 4.1.3. The *constraint violation coefficients* shall also be set for market pricing re-runs to ensure that:
- a. The *dispatches* of all network elements, *loads* and *generating units* produced by the market optimization *algorithm* are approximately the same as the original market *dispatches*; and
 - b. The prices produced by the market optimization *algorithm* shall be appropriate in all the circumstances, taking into consideration the processes defined in *WESM Rules* Clauses 3.6.7 and 3.10 to adjust or override those prices for *market projection*, *dispatch*, and *settlement* purposes when there are instances of non-zero *constraint violation variable* values.⁷

4.2 Soft Constraints

The following *soft constraints* may be relaxed in the *market dispatch optimization model* and shall have an associated *constraint violation coefficient*.

- a. *Reserve Requirement Constraint*, where the total *reserve* schedules should meet the *reserve requirement* for a certain *reserve category* in a certain *reserve region*.
- b. *Thermal Contingency Constraint*, where the power flow through a transmission equipment should be within its thermal contingency limit during N-1 *outage* conditions.
- c. *Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint*, where the dispatch target of preferential dispatch and non-scheduled generating units shall be equal to their projected output or schedule of loading level, respectively.
- d. *Thermal Base Case Constraint*, where the power flow through a transmission equipment should be within its normal (base case) limit.
- e. *System Energy Balance Constraint*, where the total *generation* scheduled should meet the demand requirement.
- f. *Nodal Value of Lost Load (VoLL) or Nodal Energy Balance Constraint*, where the power going into a *node* should be equal to the power going outside of the same *node*. This *constraint* also refers to the nodal energy balance constraint, which may vary from *node* to *node*, and/or be set so as to reflect *load shedding* priorities.

4.3 Order of Constraint Violation Coefficients

- 4.3.1 The order of relaxing *soft constraints* shall be set such that *constraints* resulting in the lowest reduction in the capability of the *network*, *load* or *generating units* shall be allowed to occur first, as follows:
- a. Tertiary or Dispatchable Reserve Requirement Constraint
 - b. Primary or Contingency Reserve Requirement Constraint
 - c. Nodal Value of Lost Load (VoLL) or Nodal Energy Balance *Constraint*

⁶ *WESM Rules* Clause 3.6.2.1

⁷ *WESM Rules* Clause 3.6.2.2

- d. System Energy Balance *Constraint*
- e. Self-scheduled Generation *Constraint* – Non-scheduled Generation
- f. Self-Scheduled Generation *Constraint* – Priority Dispatch Generation
- g. Self-Scheduled Generation *Constraint* – Must Dispatch Generation
- h. Thermal Contingency *Constraint* – Transformer
- i. Thermal Contingency *Constraint* – Line
- j. Thermal Contingency *Constraint* – Branch Group
- k. Secondary or Regulating Reserve Requirement *Constraint*
- l. Thermal Base Case *Constraint* – Transformer
- m. Thermal Base Case *Constraint* – Line
- n. Thermal Base Case *Constraint* – Branch Group

4.3.2 The order of *soft constraints* shall be established in the *market dispatch optimization model* through the values of the *constraint violation coefficients*, which shall be set significantly greater than any market clearing price values that may be derived in the *WESM*.

4.3.3 There shall be sufficient grading in between *constraint violation coefficients* to maintain the pre-defined order of priority and resolve possible *dispatch* conflicts between the different *constraint* types should they occur simultaneously.

4.3.4 The following table provides the *constraint violation coefficients*, which is reflective of the order of relaxing *soft constraints* established in Section 4.3.1 of this *Market Manual*, and the corresponding action by the *System Operator*.

Order	Constraint Violation Coefficient Name	CVC	SO Action
1	Tertiary or Dispatchable Reserve Requirement	100,000	None
2	Primary or Contingency Reserve Requirement	200,000	None
3	Nodal Value of Lost Load or Nodal Energy Balance Constraint	800,000	Re-dispatch generation and/or drop load as necessary.
4	System Energy Balance Constraint	1,300,000	For over-generation, identify generating units to be shut down to eliminate excess capacity.
			For under-generation, identify must-run units that can be dispatched or drop load as necessary.
5	Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint – Non-Scheduled Generation	1,400,000	The schedule of loading level of the relevant non-generating unit(s) shall be curtailed.
6	Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint – Priority Dispatch Generation	1,500,000	The projected output of the relevant priority dispatch generating unit(s) shall be curtailed.

Order	Constraint Violation Coefficient Name	CVC	SO Action
7	Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint – Must Dispatch Generation	1,600,000	The projected output of the relevant must dispatch generating unit(s) shall be curtailed.
8	Thermal Contingency Constraint - Transformer	2,500,000	Re-dispatch generation and/or drop load as necessary.
9	Thermal Contingency Constraint - Line	2,500,000	
10	Thermal Contingency Constraint - Branch Group	3,000,000	
11	Secondary or Regulating Reserve Requirement	5,600,000	
10	Thermal Base Case Constraint - Transformer	6,000,000	Re-dispatch generation and/or drop load as necessary.
11	Thermal Base Case Constraint – Line	6,000,000	
12	Thermal Base Case Constraint – Branch Group	6,500,000	

Table 1. Order of Constraint Violation Coefficients

4.3.5 The *Market Operator* shall publish all non-zero constraint violation variables in the *Market Information Web Site*.

4.4 Submission of Report to the DOE and ERC

The Market Operator shall submit a semi-annual report to the DOE and ERC on the incidences and causes of constraint violations in the WESM.

SECTION 5 AUTOMATIC PRICING RE-RUNS

5.1 Rationale for Automatic Pricing Re-Runs

5.1.1. At all times, the *market dispatch optimization model* shall find a solution considering the order of the *constraint violation coefficients* in Section 4 of this *Market Manual*.

5.1.2. Should the *market dispatch optimization model* result in one or more non-zero *constraint violation variable* values, then the *dispatch schedules* shall remain the same,

but the prices for *energy* and *reserves* shall be determined from an *automatic pricing re-run* of the *market dispatch optimization model* with relaxed constraints⁸.

- 5.1.3. The purpose of the *automatic pricing re-runs* is to ensure that the *energy* and *reserve* prices reflect:⁹
- a. the marginal costs of supplying *energy* at each *node*; and
 - b. the marginal costs of supplying *reserves*

5.2 Process for Automatic Pricing Re-Runs

- 5.2.1. During the *automatic pricing re-run*, the *soft constraint* that was violated shall be relaxed using the resulting non-zero violation variable, considering a very small value (*delta*), to allow the *market dispatch optimization model* to be able to find a feasible price.
- 5.2.2. The *delta* shall be set as small as possible for each *constraint violation coefficient* so that the *automatic pricing re-run* shall be reflective of the most accurate price considering the original *dispatch schedules*.
- 5.2.3. An example related to Section 5.2.1, is provided below:

Should a thermal contingency *constraint* violation occur:

Contingency Power flow \leq Thermal contingency limit + x
Where:

- i. Contingency Power flow refers to the power flow through an equipment during an N-1 outage scenario
- ii. x refers to the violation amount in MW
- iii. *Thermal contingency limit* refers to the maximum transmission limit during an N-1 *outage* scenario

Then, its constraint shall be relaxed during the *automatic pricing re-run* similar to the formulation below:

Contingency Power flow \leq Thermal contingency limit + x + *delta*

- 5.2.4. The resulting prices during an *automatic pricing re-run* shall be produced in the *real time dispatch*, along with the original *real time dispatch* schedules produced prior to the relaxation.

5.3 Automatic Pricing Re-Run Parameters

- 5.3.1 The corresponding constraint relaxation formulas for the *constraint violation coefficients* during pricing re-runs shall be as provided in Table 2 below:

⁸ WESM Rules Clause 3.6.7.1

⁹ WESM Rules Clause 3.6.7.2

Order	Constraint Violation Coefficient Name	CVC	Violation Variable Value	Delta	Constraint Relaxation during Pricing Re-Run	Re-run Price ¹⁰
1	Tertiary or Dispatchable Reserve Requirement	100,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
2	Primary or Contingency Reserve Requirement	200,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
3	Nodal Value of Lost Load or Nodal Energy Balance Constraint	800,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
4	System Energy Balance Constraint	1,300,000	x	0	delta	EDP AND RP ¹¹
5	Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint – Non-Scheduled Generation	1,400,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
6	Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint – Priority Dispatch Generation	1,500,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
7	Self-Scheduled Generation Constraint –	1,600,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP

¹⁰ EDP refers to *nodal energy dispatch price*; and RP refers to *reserve price*

¹¹ PEM Board Resolution No. 2021-36-04 dated 26 May 2021 approved the urgent amendment maintaining the pricing re-run for system energy balance constraint violation, thus replacing the shortage price (for under-generation) and excess price (for over-generation) with *energy dispatch price*. This amendment is in compliance with the ERC Decision on ERC Case No. 2017-04RC (Price Determination Methodology) dated 20 August 2020.

DOE DC2021-07-0022 entitled Adopting Further Amendments to the WESM Market Manual on Constraint Violation Coefficients and Pricing Re-runs for the Implementation of Enhancements to WESM Design and Operations (Provisions for Self-Scheduled Generation) dated 25 June 2021 and published on 12 August 2021 still adopted the shortage pricing (for under-generation) and excess pricing (for over-generation).

Order	Constraint Violation Coefficient Name	CVC	Violation Variable Value	Delta	Constraint Relaxation during Pricing Re-Run	Re-run Price ¹⁰
	Must Dispatch Generation					
8	Thermal Contingency Constraint – Transformer	1,500,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
9	Thermal Contingency Constraint – Line	1,500,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
10	Thermal Contingency Constraint – Branch Group	2,000,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
11	Secondary or Regulating Reserve Requirement	3,500,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
12	Thermal Base Case Constraint – Transformer	4,000,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
13	Thermal Base Case Constraint – Line	4,000,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP
14	Thermal Base Case Constraint – Branch Group	4,500,000	x	0.1	x + delta	EDP AND RP

Table 2. Automatic Pricing Re-Run Parameters

SECTION 6 MARKET PRICING RE-RUNS TO ADDRESS PRICING ERRORS

6.1 Guidelines for Issuance of Pricing Error Notices and Conduct of Manual Pricing Re-Runs

6.1.1. In the event where the calculated prices are believed to be in error, notwithstanding the application of *automatic pricing re-run*, the *Market Operator* may issue a *pricing error notice*¹².

¹² WESM Rules Clause 3.10.5.1

6.1.2. Upon issuance of a *pricing error notice*, the *Market Operator* shall, as soon as practicable, implement a market pricing re-run,¹³ which is also referred to as *manual pricing re-run* in this *Market Manual*.

6.2 Issuance and Publication of Pricing Error Notices

6.2.1. When the pricing error occurs, the *Market Operator* shall issue *pricing error notices* to the *Trading Participants* within the *trading day*. *Pricing error notices* shall be issued to *Trading Participants* by electronic means, or other alternative means where such electronic means is unavailable for any reason.

6.2.2. Within two (2) *working days* after the *trading day* when the pricing error occurred, the *Market Operator* shall publish in the *market information website* a summary of the *pricing error notices* issued for that *trading day* pursuant to this *Market Manual*.

6.2.3. Where a *pricing error notice* has been issued but the *Market Operator* determines after validation that no pricing error actually occurred as the criteria set forth in this *Market Manual* is not met, the *Market Operator* shall issue an advisory to all *Trading Participants* informing them of the correction.

6.2.4. Likewise, where no pricing error notice has been issued but the *Market Operator* determines after validation that pricing error actually occurred, the *Market Operator* shall issue the *pricing error notice* prior to the issuance of the preliminary settlement statement for the relevant billing period.

6.3 Process for Manual Pricing Re-Runs

6.3.1. The *Market Operator* shall perform the *manual pricing re-run* using the same set of input data used in the original *real time dispatch market run*, with corresponding adjustments or corrections as may be appropriate depending on the cause of the pricing error.

6.3.2. In performing the *manual pricing re-run*, the *Market Operator* shall determine the appropriate solution that shall be applied in the *manual pricing re-run* taking into consideration the applicable solutions for the various causes of erroneous, inconsistent and inappropriate input data, as provided in Table 3 below:

¹³ WESM Rules Clause 3.10.5.2

Condition	Description	Solution
Bad and non-updating system snapshot/SE data (breaker status, load levels, etc.)	<p>Bad breaker status may cause isolation of loads and generators or islanding of a group of nodes.</p> <p>The system snapshot/state estimator data may contain bad data thus only intervals with isolated loads exceeding the forecast tolerance limits with respect to the total demand or those that result to congestion is issued with pricing error.</p>	Identify the affected load, generator or equipment and reflect the actual generation/load values or status (as necessary) in the market pricing re-run.
Errors resulting from limitations of Market Network modelling	Arise when there is inconsistency between the Market Network Model and the actual power system network	Identify the affected load, generator or equipment and reflect the actual generation/load values or status (as necessary) in the market pricing re-run.

Table 3. Manual Pricing Re-run Conditions and Solutions

6.3.3. If the results of the *manual pricing re-run* indicate nodal price separation that is due to congestion, then the methodology provided for in the relevant *Market Manual* shall apply. Otherwise, the prices from the *manual pricing re-run* shall be used for settlement pursuant to *WESM Rules* Clause 3.10.5.

6.3.4. *Manual pricing re-runs* shall be performed and completed within a reasonable time after the relevant *dispatch interval*, provided that all pricing re-runs shall be completed before the issuance of the final settlement statement for the affected *billing period*.

6.4 Publication of Manual Pricing Re-Run Results

6.4.1. After each *billing period* and upon completion of all manual pricing re-runs, the following information shall be published by the *Market Operator* in the *Market Information Web Site* and disseminated to all *Trading Participants*:

- a. Complete list of the pricing errors that occurred during the *billing period*, indicating clearly the affected *dispatch intervals*, including those instances where no pricing error was issued within the *timetable*; and
- b. Results of the *manual pricing re-run*, including the resulting market prices.

SECTION 7 AMENDMENT, PUBLICATION AND EFFECTIVITY

7.1 Review and Update

The *Market Operator*, in coordination with the *System Operator*, and in consultation with the *WESM Members* shall regularly review the following:

- a. Appropriateness and applicability of *constraint violation variables* and their associated *constraint violation coefficients* levels and revise as maybe necessary to ensure that it reflects the actual conditions of the *network*;¹⁴
- b. *Automatic pricing re-run* parameters provided in Table 2 of this *Market Manual*; and
- c. List and description of the solutions being applied for various causes of pricing errors provided in Table 3 of this *Market Manual*.

7.2 Publication and Effectivity

This *Market Manual* or amendments thereto shall be approved, published, and deemed effective in accordance with Chapter 8 of the *WESM Rules* and corresponding *Market Manual*.

¹⁴ WESM Rules Clause 3.6.2.5