



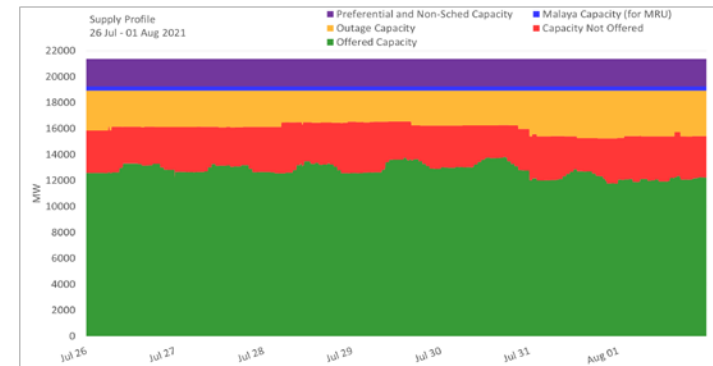
#### PEMC MARKET ASSESSMENT HIGHLIGHTS

- The average demand and the reserve schedule, recorded at 11,219 MW during the week of 26 Jul -01 Aug 2021, was higher than the previous week at 10,550 MW and the same week last year at 11,165 MW. Various areas were under the ECQ, MECQ or the GCQ.<sup>1</sup>
  - The WESM registered capacity stood at 21,367 MW at the end of the week.
  - An average supply margin of 395 MW was observed during the week, which is lower by about 12% relative to the previous week and lower by about 79% in comparison with the same week last year. The supply margin of 0 MW observed on 31 July 2021 00:05 was the tightest during the week. The average supply margin was 362.47 MW at peak intervals and 420.24 MW at off-peak intervals.
  - The outage capacity averaged at 3,089 MW, higher than last week's 2,845 MW. About 47% of the 3,089 MW involved Coal plants, while in terms of category, about 57% were Forced Outages.
  - The average effective supply during the week was 11,614 MW, higher than the 10,996 MW of the previous week and lower than the 13,003 MW during the same week last year. Ramping limitations in generators' offers persisted which caused the trimming of effective supply.
  - Average GWAP was recorded at PHP 5,079/MWh from PHP 2,814/MWh last week. This is higher than the PHP 2,728/MWh during the same week last year.
  - No secondary price cap was imposed for this week.
  - The top 5 participant groups accounted for about 79% of the offered capacity. The Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI) by participant group indicated a moderately concentrated market based on the registered and offered capacities.
  - Based on the effective supply, the top 5 pivotal plants during the week were –
    - MASINLOC CFTPP (about 100.% of the time)
    - SUAL CFTPP (about 99.75% of the time)
    - STA RITA NGPP (about 95.88% of the time)
    - PAGBILAO CFTPP (about 95.04% of the time)
    - ILJAN NGPP (about 80.75% of the time)
  - The offer pattern analysis recorded decrease in quantity from coal plants while hydro plants experienced otherwise. Moreover, average offer price demonstrated increase in hydro plants, in contrast to natural gas plants' decrease.
- ITEMOP MARKET SYSTEMS ADVISORY
- No IT-related issue was advised in ITEMOP's market systems from 26 Jul -01 Aug 2021.

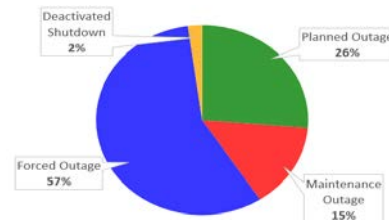
#### SUMMARY (PRICE, SUPPLY, DEMAND AND RESERVE SCHEDULE)

Particulars		26 Jul -01 Aug 2021	Previous Week (19 - 25 Jul 2021 )	Same Week, Previous Year (20 - 26 Jul 2020)	Percent Change From	
					Previous Week	Same Week, Prev Year
GWAP (PHP/MWh)	max	32,260.04	31,976.88	19,094.71	0.89%	68.95%
	min.	-49.59	-9,898.13	1,478.34	99.50%	-103.35%
	w. ave.	5,079.40	2,813.86	2,727.66	80.51%	86.22%
Effective Supply (MW)	max	13,409.16	13,041.03	14,411.45	2.82%	-6.95%
	min.	9,480.18	9,065.72	11,792.20	4.57%	-19.61%
	ave.	11,614.18	10,996.02	13,003.50	5.62%	-10.68%
System Demand (MW)	max	12,005.91	11,938.64	12,225.35	0.56%	-1.79%
	min.	7,864.69	7,587.65	7,902.09	3.65%	-0.47%
	ave.	10,184.66	9,526.19	10,130.03	6.91%	0.54%
Demand + Reserve Schedule (MW)	max	13,092.13	12,826.57	13,459.45	2.07%	-2.73%
	min.	8,762.51	8,450.65	8,896.59	3.69%	-1.51%
	ave.	11,219.38	10,549.73	11,164.77	6.35%	0.49%
Supply Margin (MW)	max	830.39	953.47	3,413.22	-12.91%	-75.67%
	min.	0.00	0.00	243.84	-	-100.00%
	ave.	394.79	446.29	1,838.73	-11.54%	-78.53%

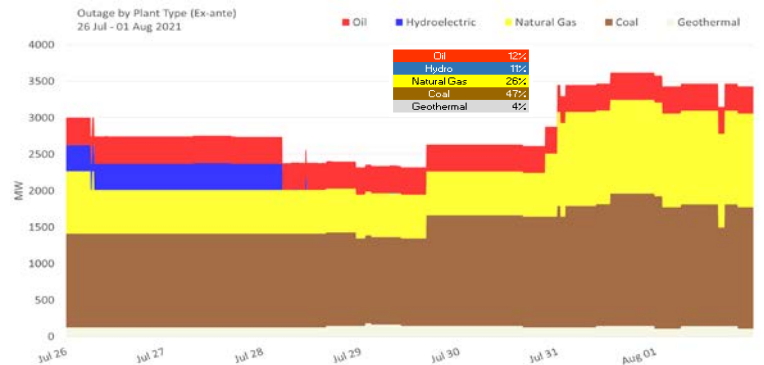
#### SUPPLY PROFILE



#### OUTAGE CAPACITY BY OUTAGE CATEGORY



#### OUTAGE CAPACITY BY PLANT TYPE

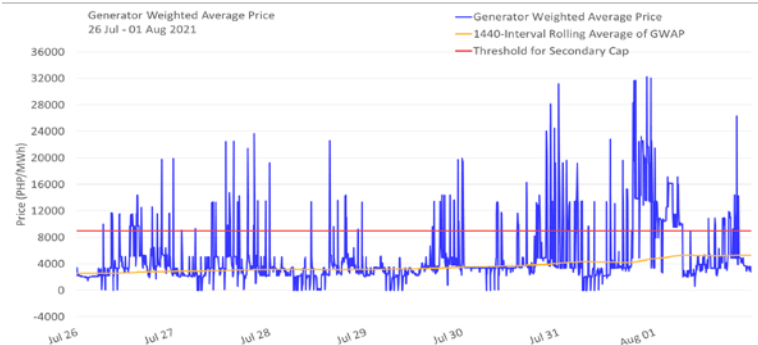


<sup>1</sup> Metro Manila will remain under GCQ, while Iloilo, Cagayan de Oro City, and 7 other areas will be under MECQ, until July 31: Bataan, Cagayan de Oro City, Davao Occidental, Davao de Oro, Davao del Sur, Davao del Norte, Butuan City; General community quarantine (GCQ) with heightened restrictions until July 31: Cagayan province, Laguna, Lucena City, Naga City, Negros Oriental, Zamboanga del Sur, Davao City; GCQ Metro Manila, Baguio City, Apayao, Santiago City, Isabela, Nueva Vizcaya, Quirino, Bulacan, Cavite, Rizal, Quezon, Batangas, Puerto Princesa City, Guimaras, Negros Occidental, Zamboanga Sibugay, Zamboanga City, Zamboanga del Norte, Davao Oriental, General Santos City, Sultan Kudarat, Sarangani, Cotabato, South Cotabato, Agusan del Norte, Surigao del Norte, Agusan del Sur, Dinagat, Islands, Surigao del Sur, Cotabato City

## SUPPLY, DEMAND AND PRICE



### GENERATOR WEIGHTED AVERAGE PRICE



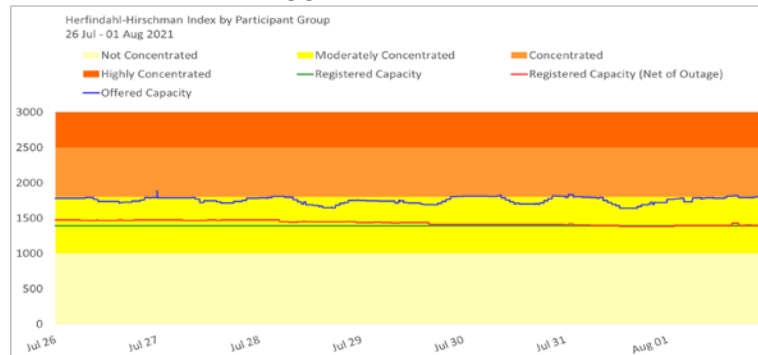
## MARKET RSI VS PIVOTAL PLANTS



## PSI



## MARKET SHARE

**HERFINDAHL-HIRSCHMAN INDEX**

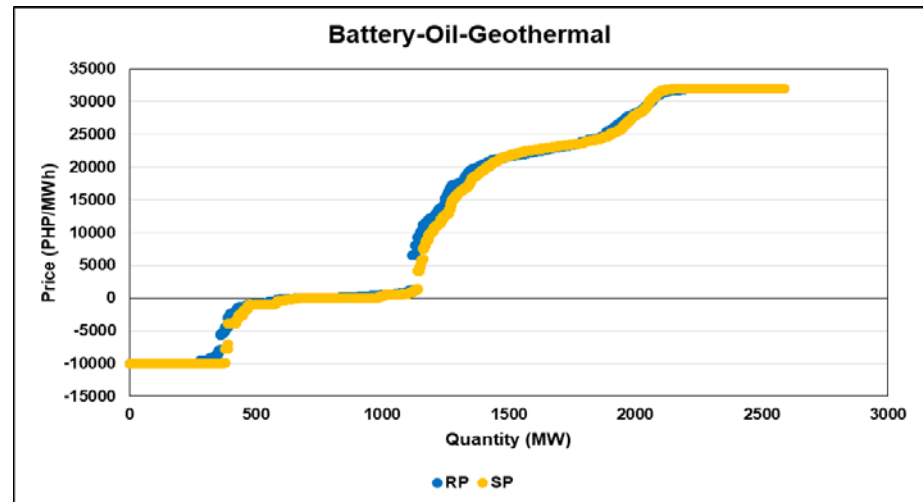
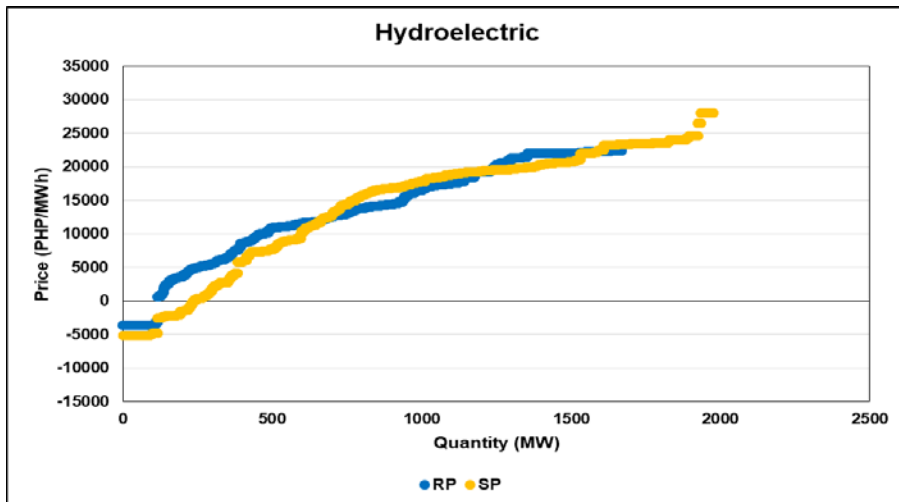
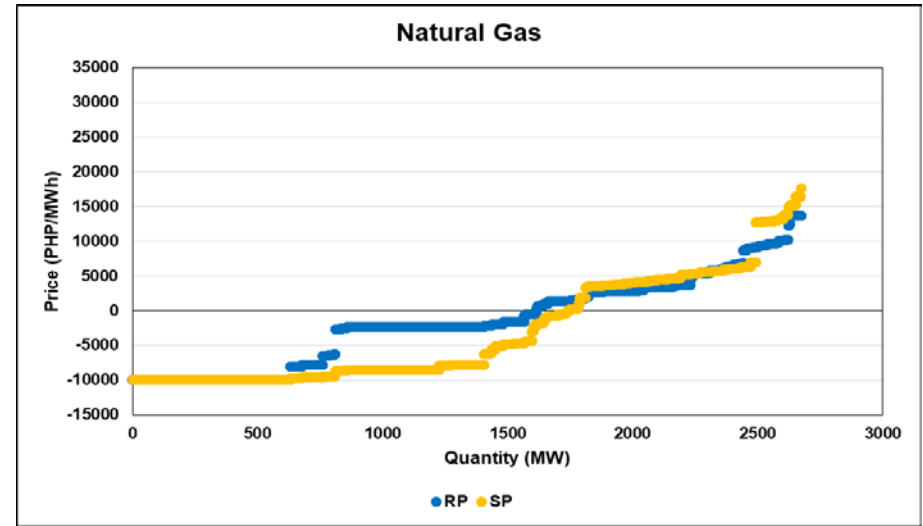
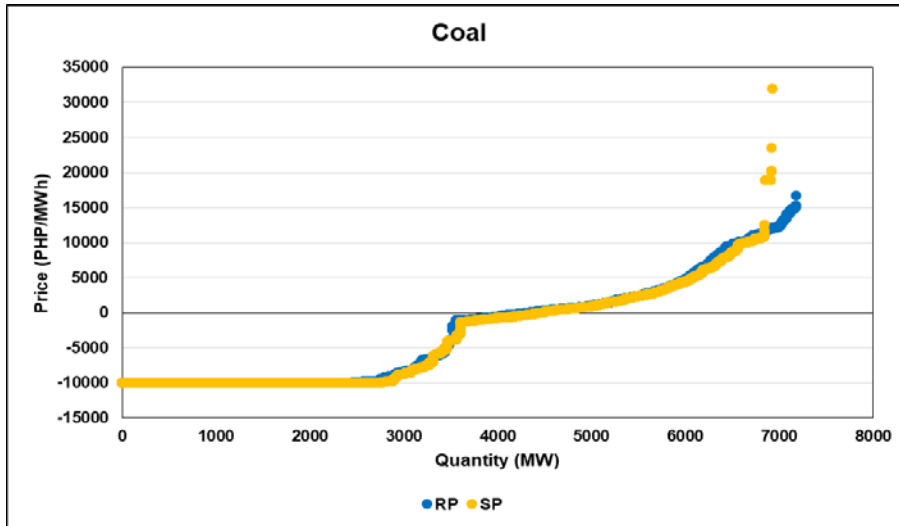
## OFFER PATTERN ANALYSIS

### Legend

RP: Reference Offer Price – the week of 19-25 Jul 2021 was used as a control for the comparison with the subject price

SP: Subject Offer Price – the week of 26 Jul-01 Aug 2021

*Note: Pmin capacities were excluded in this Offer Pattern Analysis.*





## GLOSSARY OF TERMS

**HERFINDAHL-HIRSCHMAN INDEX (HHI)** - is a commonly accepted measure of market concentration that takes into account the relative size and distribution of participants in the market. The HHI is a number between 0 and 10,000, which is calculated as the sum of squares of the participant's market share. The HHI approaches zero when the market has very large number of participants with each having a relatively small market share. In contrary, the HHI increases as the number of participants in the market decreases, and the disparity in the market shares among the participants increases. The following are the widely used HHI screening numbers: (1) less than 1,000 - not concentrated; (2) 1,000 to 1,800 - moderately concentrated; (3) greater than 1,800 - concentrated; and (4) greater than 2,500 - highly concentrated.

The HHI is calculated using the (i) registered capacity, (ii) registered capacity net of outage, (iii) offered capacity, (iv) metered quantity, and (v) spot transaction (metered quantity net of bilateral contract declarations).

**MARKET RESIDUAL SUPPLY INDEX (Market RSI)** - The RSI is a dynamic continuous index measured as ratio of the available generation without a generator to the total generation required to supply the demand. The RSI is measured for each generator. The greater the RSI of a generator, the less will be its potential ability to exercise market power and manipulate prices, as there will be sufficient capacity from the other generators. In contrary, the lower the RSI, the greater the market power of a generator (and its potential benefit of exercising market power), as the market is strongly dependent on its availability to be able to fully supply the demand. In particular, a RSI greater than 100% for a generator means that the remaining generators can cover the demand, and in principle that generator cannot manipulate market price. On the other hand, a RSI less than 100% means that the generator is pivotal in supplying the demand.

The RSI for the whole market (Market RSI) is measured as the lowest RSI among all the generators in the market. A Market RSI less than 100% indicates the presence of pivotal generator/s.

**PRICE SETTING FREQUENCY INDEX (PSFI)** - A generator trading node is considered as a price setter when its last accepted offer price is between 95% to 100% of its nodal price. A generating plant is considered as price setter if at least one of its trading nodes was price setter in a given trading hour. The price setters are determined from: (i) ex-ante for trading intervals without pricing error during ex-ante, (ii) ex-post with pricing error during ex-ante but without pricing error during ex-post, (iii) market re-run results for trading intervals with pricing error both in ex-ante and ex-post, and (iv) trading intervals where the price substitution methodology (PSM) was applied. For trading intervals affected by PSM, the unconstrained marginal plants are considered price setters. Further, in instances of regional price separation, price setters are determined separately for each region.

**MARKET SHARE** - The fraction of the total capacity or energy that a company or related group owns or controls in the market.

**PIVOTAL SUPPLIER INDEX (PSI)** - The pivotal supplier index is a binary variable (1 for pivotal and 0 for not pivotal) for each generator. The index identifies whether a generator is pivotal in supplying the demand. The PSI is calculated as the percentage of time that a generator is pivotal in a period (i.e. monthly).

**CAPACITY FACTOR** - The index assesses the performance of the generators in the market. A high capacity factor indicates the high utilization of the generators.

**CAPACITY PROFILE** - The hourly factors affecting supply, which include, among others, the offered capacity, outage capacity and ancillary services schedule.

**MAJOR PARTICIPANT GROUP** - The grouping of generators by ownership or control.

**REGISTERED CAPACITY** - The capacity registered by a generator with WESM.

**REGISTERED CAPACITY (NET OF OUTAGE)** - The capacity registered by a generator with WESM less capacity on outage.

**OFFERED CAPACITY** - The hourly offer to supply electricity submitted by a generator.

**METERED QUANTITY** - The hourly quantity of electricity generated by a generator.

**SPOT TRANSACTION** - The hourly quantity of electricity sold to the market by a generator net of bilateal contract declaration accounted for in the settlement.

**ANCILLARY SERVICES SCHEDULES** - The hourly quantity scheduled by the System Operator to provide regulating, contingency and dispatchable reserves.

**EFFECTIVE SUPPLY** - The hourly effective supply is equal to the offered capacity of all scheduled generator resources, nominated loading level of non-scheduled generating units and projected output of preferential dispatch generating units, adjusted for any security limit provided by the System Operator and other constraints considered during MMS simulation such as generator offered ramp rates. Scheduled output of plants on testing and commissioning through the imposition of security limit by SO and scheduled output of Malaya plant when it is called to run as Must Run Unit (MRU) are likewise accounted for in the effective supply.

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