

## PEMC MARKET ASSESSMENT HIGHLIGHTS

The average demand and the reserve schedule, recorded at 11,537 MW during the week of 07 - 13 Mar 2022, was higher than both the previous week at 11,381 MW and the same week last year at 11,147 MW. National Capital Region was placed under Alert Level 1 until 15 March.<sup>1</sup>

The WESM registered capacity stood at 21,151 MW at the end of the week.

An average supply margin of 557 MW was observed during the week, which is higher by about 1% relative to the previous week and lower by about 63% in comparison with the same week last year. The supply margin of 208.1 MW observed on 12 March 2022 20:05 was the tightest during the week. The average supply margin was 506.42 MW at peak intervals and 597.21 MW at off-peak intervals.

The outage capacity averaged at 2,909 MW, lower than last week's 3,063 MW. About 52% of the 2,909 MW involved Coal plants, while in terms of category, about 55% were Forced Outages.

The average effective supply during the week was 12,094 MW, higher than the 11,930 MW of the previous week and lower than the 12,654 MW during the same week last year. Ramping limitations in generators' offers persisted which caused the lowering of the effective supply.

Average GWAP was recorded at PHP 5,360/MWh from PHP 5,245/MWh last week. This is lower than the PHP 5,882/MWh during the same week last year.

No secondary price cap was imposed for this week

The top 5 participant groups accounted for about 83% of the offered capacity. The Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI) by participant group indicated a moderately concentrated market and concentrated based on the registered and offered capacities respectively.

Based on the effective supply, the top 5 pivotal plants during the week were –

1. ILUAN NGPP (about 98.86% of the time)
2. STA RITA NGPP (about 97.92% of the time)
3. MASINLOC CFTPP (about 92.91% of the time)
4. SUAL CFTPP (about 89.14% of the time)
5. GNP DINGININ CFTPP (about 79.22% of the time)

Hydro plants recorded a decrease in offered capacity compared to the previous week which resulted to lower average price despite registering an increase in some portion of the offer curve. Similarly, natural gas plants noted a decrease in offer prices especially in the middle portion of the curve. Meanwhile, coal and oil-based plants were observed to have slightly higher offer prices in the latter half and middle of their offer curves, respectively.

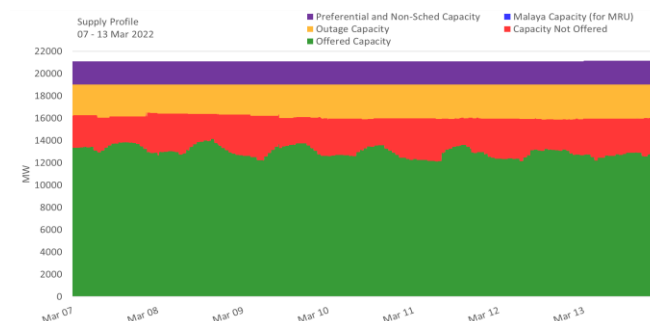
## IEMOP MARKET SYSTEMS ADVISORY

No IT-related issue was advised in IEMOP's market systems from 07 - 13 Mar 2022.

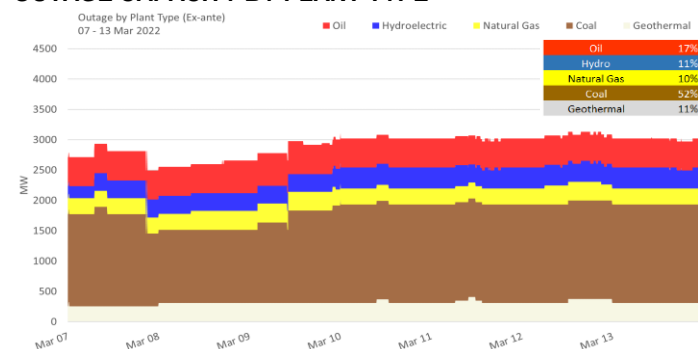
## SUMMARY (PRICE, SUPPLY, DEMAND AND RESERVE SCHEDULE)

Particulars		07 - 13 Mar 2022	Previous Week (28 Feb - 06 Mar 2022 )	Same Week, Previous Year (01 - 07 Mar 2021)	Percent Change From	
					Previous Week	Same Week, Prev Year
GWAP (PHP/MWh)	max	13,343.11	24,792.71	21,545.82	-46.18%	-38.07%
	min.	-983.82	-1,026.93	1,878.00	4.20%	-152.39%
	w. ave.	5,360.25	5,245.24	5,882.00	2.19%	-8.87%
Effective Supply (MW)	max	14,090.61	13,832.46	13,676.69	1.87%	3.03%
	min.	10,094.86	9,903.34	11,332.20	1.93%	-10.92%
	ave.	12,094.14	11,929.83	12,653.67	1.38%	-4.42%
System Demand (MW)	max	12,449.25	12,401.97	11,955.44	0.38%	4.13%
	min.	8,472.01	8,178.94	8,097.47	3.58%	4.63%
	ave.	10,564.97	10,394.14	10,017.68	1.64%	5.46%
Demand + Reserve Schedule (MW)	max	13,560.25	13,479.97	13,147.94	0.60%	3.14%
	min.	9,265.81	9,031.50	9,117.67	2.59%	1.62%
	ave.	11,536.92	11,380.72	11,147.26	1.37%	3.50%
Supply Margin (MW)	max	987.71	1,046.91	3,038.03	-5.66%	-67.49%
	min.	208.10	97.82	73.84	112.74%	181.82%
	ave.	557.22	549.10	1,506.42	1.48%	-63.01%

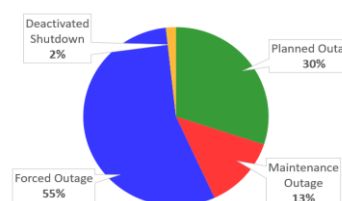
## SUPPLY PROFILE



## OUTAGE CAPACITY BY PLANT TYPE

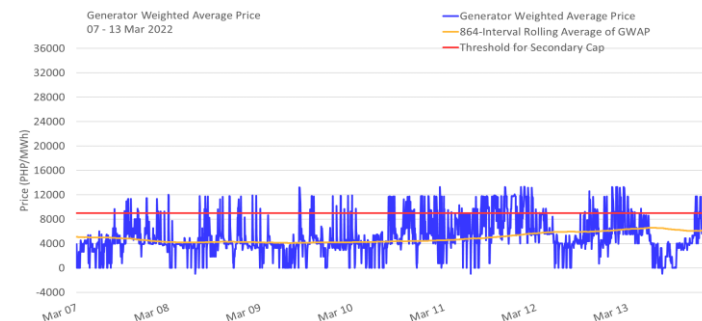


## OUTAGE CAPACITY BY OUTAGE CATEGORY

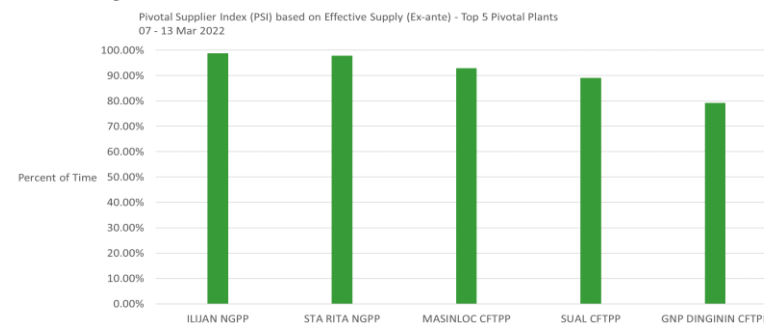


<sup>1</sup> Under Alert Level 2 were (Luzon) Cordillera Administrative Region: Benguet, Ifugao, and Mountain Province; Region 2: Nueva Vizcaya; Region 3: Nueva Ecija and Zambales; Region 4-A: Batangas, Lucena City, Quezon, and Rizal; Region 4-B: Occidental Mindoro, Oriental Mindoro, and Palawan; and Region 5: Albay, Camarines Norte, Camarines Sur, Masbate, and Sorsogon; (Visayas) Region 6: Antique, Iloilo City, Iloilo, and Negros Occidental; Region 7: Bohol, Cebu Province, Cebu City, Lapu-Lapu City, Mandaue City, and Negros Oriental; and Region 9: Eastern Samar, Leyte, Northern Samar, Ormoc City, Southern Leyte, Tacloban City, and Western Samar. Other areas not mentioned were under alert level 1.

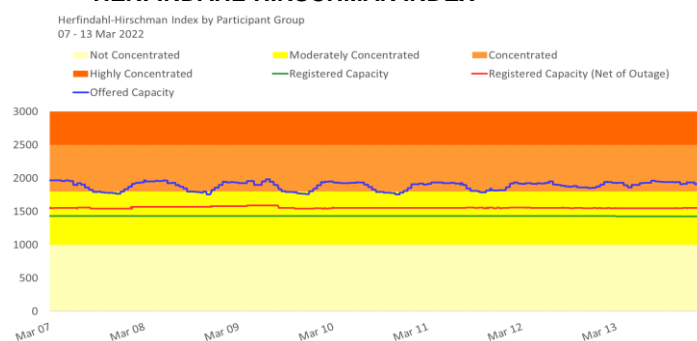
### GENERATOR WEIGHTED AVERAGE PRICE



## PSI



## HERFINDAHL-HIRSCHMAN INDEX

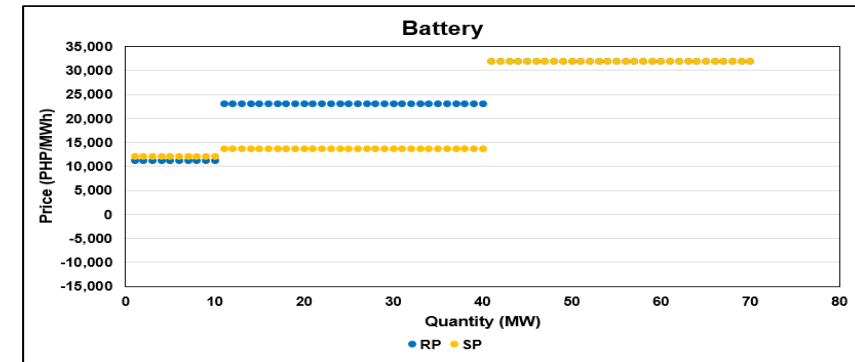
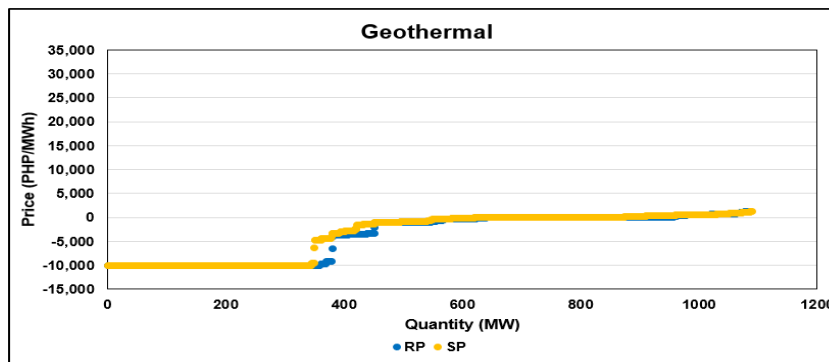
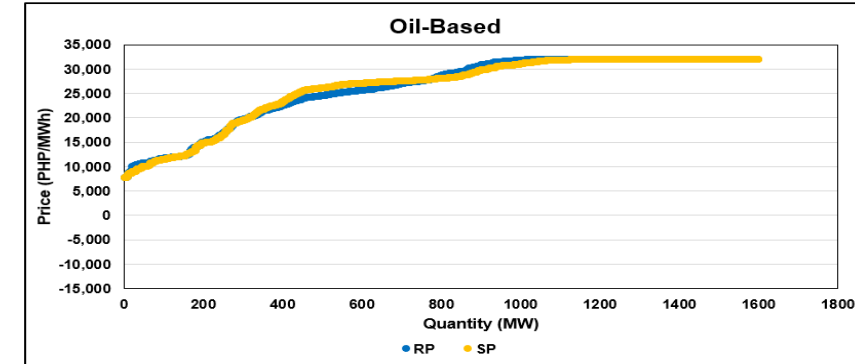
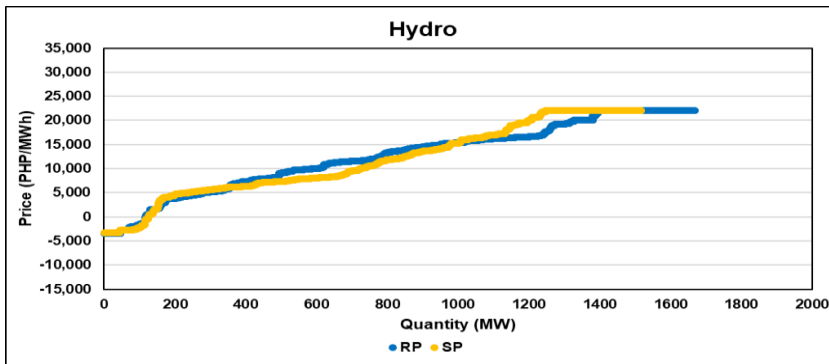
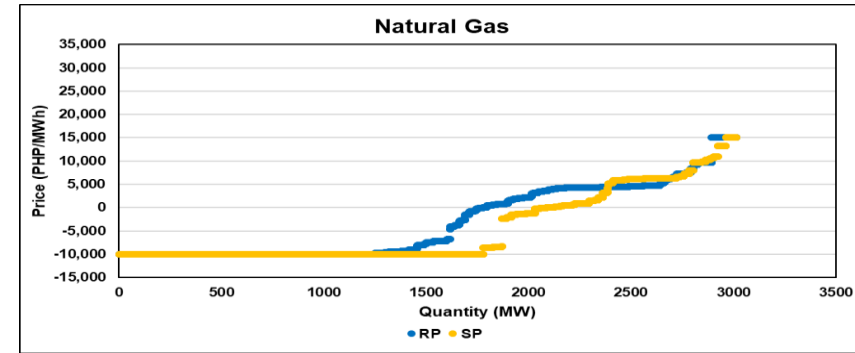
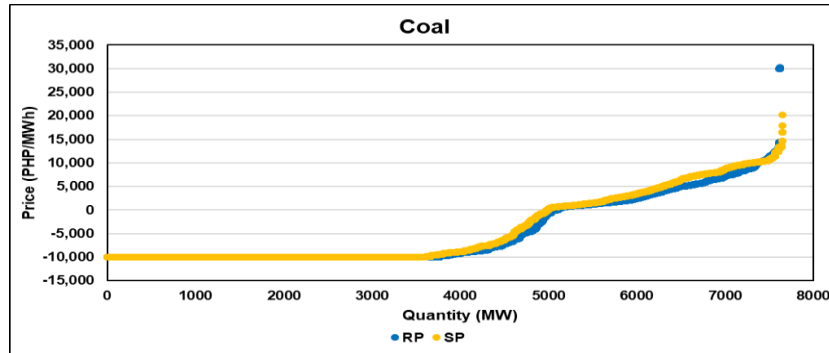


## OFFER PATTERN ANALYSIS

### Legend

RP: Reference Offer Price – the week of 28 Feb-06 Mar 2022 was used as a control for the comparison with the subject price

SP: Subject Offer Price – the week of 07-13 Mar 2022



**GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

**HERFINDAHL-HIRSCHMAN INDEX (HHI)** - is a commonly accepted measure of market concentration that takes into account the relative size and distribution of participants in the market. The HHI is a number between 0 and 10,000, which is calculated as the sum of squares of the participant's market share. The HHI approaches zero when the market has very large number of participants with each having a relatively small market share. In contrary, the HHI increases as the number of participants in the market decreases, and the disparity in the market shares among the participants increases. The following are the widely used HHI screening numbers: (1) less than 1,000 - not concentrated; (2) 1,000 to 1,800 - moderately concentrated; (3) greater than 1,800 - concentrated; and (4) greater than 2,500 - highly concentrated.

The HHI is calculated using the (i) registered capacity, (ii) registered capacity net of outage, (iii) offered capacity, (iv) metered quantity, and (v) spot transaction (metered quantity net of bilateral contract declarations).

**MARKET RESIDUAL SUPPLY INDEX (Market RSI)** - The RSI is a dynamic continuous index measured as ratio of the available generation without a generator to the total generation required to supply the demand. The RSI is measured for each generator. The greater the RSI of a generator, the less will be its potential ability to exercise market power and manipulate prices, as there will be sufficient capacity from the other generators. In contrary, the lower the RSI, the greater the market power of a generator (and its potential benefit of exercising market power), as the market is strongly dependent on its availability to be able to fully supply the demand. In particular, a RSI greater than 100% for a generator means that the remaining generators can cover the demand, and in principle that generator cannot manipulate market price. On the other hand, a RSI less than 100% means that the generator is pivotal in supplying the demand.

The RSI for the whole market (Market RSI) is measured as the lowest RSI among all the generators in the market. A Market RSI less than 100% indicates the presence of pivotal generator/s.

**PRICE SETTING FREQUENCY INDEX (PSFI)** - A generator trading node is considered as a price setter when its last accepted offer price is between 95% to 100% of its nodal price. A generating plant is considered as price setter if at least one of its trading nodes was price setter in a given trading hour. The price setters are determined from: (i) ex-ante for trading intervals without pricing error during ex-ante, (ii) ex-post with pricing error during ex-ante but without pricing error during ex-post, (iii) market re-run results for trading intervals with pricing error both in ex-ante and ex-post, and (iv) trading intervals where the price substitution methodology (PSM) was applied. For trading intervals affected by PSM, the unconstrained marginal plants are considered price setters. Further, in instances of regional price separation, price setters are determined separately for each region.

**MARKET SHARE** - The fraction of the total capacity or energy that a company or related group owns or controls in the market.

**PIVOTAL SUPPLIER INDEX (PSI)** - The pivotal supplier index is a binary variable (1 for pivotal and 0 for not pivotal) for each generator. The index identifies whether a generator is pivotal in supplying the demand. The PSI is calculated as the percentage of time that a generator is pivotal in a period (i.e. monthly).

**CAPACITY FACTOR** - The index assesses the performance of the generators in the market. A high capacity factor indicates the high utilization of the generators.

**CAPACITY PROFILE** - The hourly factors affecting supply, which include, among others, the offered capacity, outage capacity and ancillary services schedule.

**MAJOR PARTICIPANT GROUP** - The grouping of generators by ownership or control.

**REGISTERED CAPACITY** - The capacity registered by a generator with WESM.

**REGISTERED CAPACITY (NET OF OUTAGE)** - The capacity registered by a generator with WESM less capacity on outage.

**OFFERED CAPACITY** - The hourly offer to supply electricity submitted by a generator.

**METERED QUANTITY** - The hourly quantity of electricity generated by a generator.

**SPOT TRANSACTION** - The hourly quantity of electricity sold to the market by a generator net of bilateral contract declaration accounted for in the settlement.

**ANCILLARY SERVICES SCHEDULES** - The hourly quantity scheduled by the System Operator to provide regulating, contingency and dispatchable reserves.

**EFFECTIVE SUPPLY** - The hourly effective supply is equal to the offered capacity of all scheduled generator resources, nominated loading level of non-scheduled generating units and projected output of preferential dispatch generating units, adjusted for any security limit provided by the System Operator and other constraints considered during MMS simulation such as generator offered ramp rates. Scheduled output of plants on testing and commissioning through the imposition of security limit by SO and scheduled output of Malaya plant when it is called to run as Must Run Unit (MRU) are likewise accounted for in the effective supply.

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